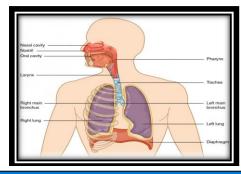
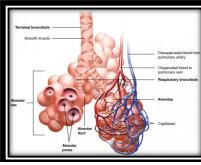
SWAT MEDICAL COLLEGE SWAT

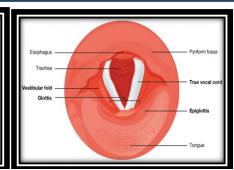
DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL EDUCATION



RESPIRATORY - I MODULE







1ST YEAR MBBS

BLOCK: C

CLASS OF 2023-28

DURATION: 4 WEEKS

FROM: 26 AUG TO 20 SEPTEMBER

STUDENT NAME

Contents

1 /	Acaedemic Calendar	2		
	List Of Abbrevation			
	Module Committee:			
	Recommended List Of Icons			
	Mission/ Vision of the College			
5.1				
5.2				
6 (Overview of the Module/ Preface	7		
7 I	ntroduction/ Organization of Module	8		
7.1	Introduction:	8		
7.2	Rationale:	8		
7.3	Organization of the Study guide:	8		
7.4	Teaching Strategies:	8		
7.1	Assessment strategies	9		
7.2	Feedback mechanism and summary	10		
8 7	Table Of Specification	11		
9 L	Learning Objectives	12		
9.1	General Learning Outcomes	12		
THE	EME–I: (Chest Wall Injuries)	22		
10	Learning Opportunities and Resources	36		
a.	Instruction (if any)	36		
11	Examination and Methods of Assessment:	38		
a.	Instruction:	38		
b.	The Disteibution of Internal Assessment Score (10% Marks):	38		
12	Tentative Timetables	41		
13	For inquiry and troubleshooting			
14	Module Evaluation Form			
15	Students Diary/Notes	3		

1 Acaedemic Calendar



				ual Calendar MBBS – 2023	-24				
				Medical College, Swat					
Activity/ Events	Week	Date	1" Year	2 nd Year	3 rd Year	4 th Year	5 th Year		
Orientation Week	1	12 th to 16 th Feb					Previous 5th Year		
Regular Classes	2	19th to 23th Feb			Foundation II	Neurosciences – II	Previous 5" Year Preparatory leaves as		
Regular Classes	3	26th Feb to 1st March	Foundation-I	Neurosciences-IA	(5 weeks)	(6 weeks)	annual exam		
Regular Classes	4	4th to 8th March	(6 weeks)	(6 weeks)	22 nd March, Module Exam	25th and 26th March Block J	annuat exam		
Regular Classes	5	11 th to 15 th March	22 nd March, Module Exam	22 nd March, Module Exam		Exam	Foundation-III		
Regular Classes	6	18 th to 22 nd March					(2 weeks) 22 ^{ed} March Module Exa		
Regular Classes	7	25 th to 29 th March			Infection & Inflammation		Blood & Immunology-I		
Regular Classes	8	1 st to 5 th April	Blood & Immunology		(6 weeks)		(2 weeks) 5* April Module Exam		
Spring Break/Eid ul Fitr	9	8th to 12th April	(5 weeks)	Neurosciences-IB	6 th May to 7 th May Block G exam		MSK-III		
Sports Week	10	15th to 19th April	6th & 7th May Block A exam	(5 weeks) 13th & 14th May Block D	exam	GIT and Hepatobiliary – II	(2 weeks)		
Regular Classes	11	22** to 26* April		13" & 14" May Block D		(9 weeks)	06th & 07th May Block N ex		
Regular Classes	12	29 th to 3 ^{td} May				10th and 11th June Block K	oo dor may blooking		
Regular Classes	13	6th to 10th May			Multimotom	Exam	Conditionaries		
Regular Classes	14	13 th to 17 th May			Multisystem		Cardiorespiratory-III		
Regular Classes	15	20 th to 24 th May			(5 weeks) Module Exam 31# May		(5 weeks) 3rd & 4th June Block O Ex		
Regular Classes	16	27th May to 31st May	Mek I	OUT III	Produce Example May		5 4 4 June Block U Ex		
Regular Classes	17	3 rd to 7 th June	MSK-I (8 weeks)	GIT, Hepatobiliary & Metabolism-			Renal- III Module		
Regular Classes	18	10 th to 14 th June	1* & 2 nd July Block-B Exam (8 weeks) 1* & 2 nd July	Blood & immunology	Blood & immunology (3 weeks) 1 st & 2 nd July module exam	(8 weeks) Blood & immunology	Renal – II Module	(2 weeks) 14 th June Module Exan	
Eid-ul-Adha Holidays	19	17th to 21th June		(5 Weeks)		(4 weeks)	Endocrine & Reproduct		
Regular Classes	20	24th to 28th June				1 st and 2 rd July Module Exam	III		
Summer Vacations	21-23	3 rd to 21 st July					(3 weeks)		
Regular Classes	24	22° to 26° July		Renal			29th & 30th July Block P E		
Regular Classes	25	29th July to 2nd Aug	CVS-I	(3 weeks)	waaks) MSK-II		Neurosciences – III		
Regular Classes	26	5th to 9th Aug	(5 weeks)	(5 weeks) 12th to 13th August Block E pust Module Exam Endocrine-I Endocrine-I Block H exam (5 weeks) Endocrine and Reproduct II (8 weeks)	Endocrine and Reproduction	(3 weeks)			
Regular Classes	27	12th to 16th Aug	23 rd August Module Exam Respiratory-I (4 weeks)				16 th August Module Exa		
Regular Classes	28	19th 23th Aug					GIT & Hepatobiliary		
Regular Classes	29	26th to 30th Aug		Respiratory	(4 weeks)	16"		Block-L exam	(2 weeks)
Regular Classes	30	2 nd to 6 th Sep		6 th Sep	CVS-II	DIOCK-L exam	6th Sep Module Exam		
Regular Classes	31	9 th to 13 th Sep	23 rd -24 th SEP	Reproduction-I	(3 weeks)				
Regular Classes	32	16 th to 20 th Sep	Block-C Exam	(4 weeks)	20 th September Module exam	EYE and ENT	Multisystem-II (4 weeks)		
Regular Classes/ Preparatory Leaves	33	23 st to 27 th Sep		30 th Sep 1 ^{tt} Oct	RES-II	(6 weeks)	7th -8th Oct Block Q exa		
Regular Classes/ Preparatory Leaves	34	30 th Sep to 4 th Oct			(4 weeks)	14th to 18th Oct Block M1 & M2			
Regular Classes/ Preparatory Leaves	35	7th to 11th Oct	DDEDARATORY I SAVES		21st and 22sd October Block L	Exam			
Regular Classes/ Preparatory Leaves	36	14th to 18th Oct	PREPARATORY LEAVES		exam				
Regular Classes/ Preparatory Leaves	37	21** to 25** Oct		PREPARATORY LEAVES					
Regular Classes/ Preparatory Leaves	38	28 th Oct to 1 st Nov							
Regular Classes/ Preparatory Leaves	39	4th to 8th Nov							
Regular Classes/ Preparatory Leaves	40	11 th to 15 th Nov			DDEDADATORYLEAUS				
Regular Classes/ Preparatory Leaves	41	18th to 22th Nov			PREPARATORY LEAVES	PREPARATORY LEAVES	PREPARATORY LEAVE		
Regular Classes/ Preparatory Leaves	42	25th to 29th Nov	Annual Exam as per KMU						
Regular Classes/ Preparatory Leaves	42	2 nd to 6 th Dec	schedule.	Annual Exam as per KMU					
Regular Classes/ Preparatory Leaves	43	9th to 13th Dec							
Regular Classes/ Preparatory Leaves	44	16th to 20th Dec							
Regular Classes/ Preparatory Leaves	45	23 rd to 27 th Dec	A		Annual Exam as per KMU				
Regular Classes/ Preparatory Leaves	46-49	November 2024			schedule.				
Regular Classes/ Preparatory Leaves	50-53	December 2024	Wintervacation	Winter vacation					
Regular Classes/ Preparatory Leaves	54-57	January 2025			Winter vacation	Annual Exam as per KMU schedule.			
Start of new a	cadamic sa	resion 2025-26	February 2025	February 2025	February 2025	February 2025	March 2025		

2 List Of Abbrevation

Anat-SGD	Small Group Discussion in Anatomy	Med-L	Medicine Lecture		
Bio-L	Biochemistry Lecture	OSPE	Objectively Structured Practical Examination		
Bio-P	Biochemistry Practical	Paeds-L	Pediatrics Lecture		
Bio-SGD	Small Group Discussion in Biochemistry	Patho-L	Pathology Lecture		
C.Med-L	Community Medicine Lecture	Phar-L	Pharmacology Lecture		
DSL	Directed Self Learning	Phy-L	Physiology Lecture		
FDT	Film/Demonstration/Tutorial	Phy-P	Physiology Practical		
F.Med-L	Forensic Medicine Lecture	Phy-SGD	Small Group Discussion in Physiology		
G.Anat-L	Gross Anatomy Lecture	PBL	Problem Based Learning		
Histo-P	Histology Practical	SDL	Self-Directed learning		
LGIS	Large Group Interactive Session.	SAQs	Short Answer Questions		
MCQs	Multiple Choice Questions	SEQs	Short Essay Questions		
Med.Edu- L	Medical Education Lecture	SGDs	Small Group Discussions		
PRIME	Professionalism and communication skills, Research, Identity formation, Management and leadership, Ethics				



3 Module Committee:

s.no	Name	Department	Role					
1.	Prof. Dr. Aziz Ahmad	Dean / p	rincipal					
2.	Dr. M Junaid Khan	DME	Director					
	Module Team							
3.	Prof. Dr. Rashid Ahmad	Professor Physiology	MPC-I Chair man					
4.	Dr. Fiza Iqbal	Lecturer Physiology	Block Co-ordinator					
5.	Prof. Dr. Muhammad khan	Professor Anatomy	Member					
6.	Dr. Amanullah	Assistant Professor Physiology	Member					
7.	Dr. Humaira Ali	Associate Professor Anatomy	Member					
8.	Dr. Obaid Ur Rahman	Assistant Professor Biochemistry	Member					
9.	Dr. Sara Maryum	Assistant Professor Biochemistry	Member					
10.	Dr. Ubaidullah	PRIME	Member					
11.								
12.								
13.								



4 Recommended List Of Icons



Introduction To Case



For Objectives



Critical Questions



Assessment



Resource Material

5 Mission/ Vision of the College

5.1 Mission Statement of the Institution:

To train medical students as per international standards, thereby producing doctors who exhibit excellence as professionals, academicians, researchers and deptly fulfill healthcare needs through the application of ethical and evidence-based practices..

5.2 Vision Statement of the Institution:

To be a center of excellence in medical education, patient care and research globally.



6 Overview of the Module/ Preface

Welcome to the Respiratory I module V, where the overarching goal is to equip you with profound understanding of medical science and practice. Throughout the Respiratory I module V, emphasis is placed on integrating theoretical knowledge with practical applications, ensuring a comprehensive educational experience. The core themes of modules, including chest wall injury, cough and hemoptysis and breathlessness are meticulously designed to foster a deep understanding of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry and Medicine. Students will gain hands-on experience through clinical rotation in diverse settings such as Long Interactive Group Session (LGIS), Small Group discussion (SGDs), Self Directed Learning (SDL), DSL and Skill/Practical providing a well-rounded education.

The study guide serves as a crucial reference for assessment and evaluation. It outlines the components that will be assessed, such as knowledge and basic sciences practical implications, and the corresponding assessment tools, which may include MCQs, SEQ and OSPE. This transparency enables students to align their efforts with the evaluation criteria, promoting a sense of accountability and preparation for success in their academic pursuits. As future medical professionals, graduates can look forward to diverse career pathways, from clinical practice to research, with opportunities in Anatomy, Physiology and Biochemistry.

In essence, the study guide acts as an indispensable tool for students, offering clarity on module contents, instructional methodologies, faculty guidance, and assessment criteria. By actively engaging with the information provided, students can navigate their academic journey with confidence and purpose, maximizing their learning experience in the MBBS program.



7 Introduction/ Organization of Module

7.1 Introduction:

By the end of this module the student of Swat Medical College should be able to build adequate knowledge, attitude and skills to understand basic concepts of respiratory system along with different respiratory disorders.

Respiratory system consists of respiratory passageways (nose, larynx, pharynx, trachea, bronchi) and lungs and all these are related to breathing. The function of respiratory system is gaseous exchange, in bringing oxygen to body tissues and to get rid of carbon dioxide which is a waste product.

7.2 Rationale:

Respiratory module is combined with CVS and Respiration module (Total 9 weeks' duration) as defined by KMU and four weeks given to the Respiration module). Respiratory module is developed in order to assist students when they come in more frequent and prolonged contact with patients in the 3rd year of the MBBS curriculum. By the end of this module the students are expected to know the main concepts of respiratory system in all domains of learning and the skills gained in this module will help them deal with chest related conditions especially in the fields of Internal Medicine, Community medicine, Forensic aspects, Pharmacology of some important medications related to respiratory disorders, and Surgical Wards in tertiary care hospitals

7.3 Organization of the Study guide:

The Respiratory Module is a 4 weeks' theme based module, the contents of which will be thought in Lectures, SGDs, DSLs and Practical.

Respiratory Module consists of the following themes:

Themes	Theme 1	Theme 2	Theme 3
• Respiratory System	Chest wall injury1 week	Cough and hemoptysis1 week	Breathlessnes2 weeks

7.4 Teaching Strategies:

The following teaching/ learning methods are used to promote better understanding:

A. Large Group Formats:

- a. **Interactive Lectures:** In large group, the lecturer introduces a topic or common clinical conditions and explains the underlying phenomena through questions, pictures, videos of patients' interviews, exercises, etc. Students are actively involved in the learning process.
- b. Directed Self Learnig: Directed self-learning is an active learning approach where the learners are provided with predefined learning objectives and some facilitation through the learning process in the form of guidance and supervision. It helps establish a strong foundation for autonomous and deep learning.
- c. Self Directed Learning: Students' assume responsibilities of their own learning through individual study, sharing and discussing with peers, seeking information from Learning Resource Center, teachers and resource persons within and outside the college.
 Students can utilize the time within the college scheduled hours of self-study.

B. Small Group Formats:

- a. Small Group Disscussions: This format helps students to clarify concepts acquire skills or attitudes. Sessions are structured with the help of specific exercises such as patient case, interviews or discussion topics. Students exchange opinions and apply knowledge gained from lectures, tutorials and self study. The facilitator role is to ask probing questions, summarize, or rephrase to help clarify concepts.
- b. **Practical Demonstration:** Basic science practicals related to anatomy, biochemistry and physiology are scheduled for student learning.

7.1 Assessment strategies

Assessments within the MBBS program at STMC consist of both formative and summative evaluations. These assessments are integral to monitoring student progress and academic performance.

A. Formative Assessment:

Formative assessments, accounting for 10% of the total marks assigned to each block, serve as ongoing evaluations designed to provide feedback and facilitate learning. The allocation of this 10% can be determined in accordance with the blueprint of KMU and further distributed as per the academic council's recommendations at STMC. Formative assessments are conducted after the completion of each module, ensuring that students receive timely feedback to enhance their understanding and performance.

B. Summative Assessment:

Summative assessments, which comprise the majority of the assessment weighting (90% of all marks), are conducted and overseen by KMU, as part of the annual examination process. The

summative annual examination is organized and conducted by KMU, which carries out the evaluation and grading. This summative assessment evaluates students' comprehensive understanding of the curriculum and accounts for a significant portion of their final scores.

C. Assessment Tools:

Various assessment tools are employed to gauge students' knowledge and competencies. These tools include:

- Written Examinations: These encompass Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) and Short Essay Questions (SEQ) that evaluate students' theoretical knowledge.
- Performance Assessments: Objective Structured Practical Examinations (OSPE) and Objective Structured Clinical Examinations (OSCE) are used to assess practical skills and clinical competence.
- In-Training Assessments: Clinical logbooks provide a comprehensive record of students' practical experiences and serve as a valuable tool for tracking their progress.
- **Assignments:** Presentations, projects, and self-reflection assignments are included in the assessment process to enhance students' critical thinking and research skills

7.2 Feedback mechanism and summary

At the end of each module a "Module Evaluation Form" will be provided to the students whether in hard copies or online and the students will give their opinion regarding the "Course Contents", "Learning Resources", "Teaching Methods", "Engegement & Motivation" and "Assessment Methods".

8 Table Of Specification

	No. of Hours Allocated in Time table				D	Assessment			
Subject	Large Group Format		Small Group Format			Percent istribution	Percent Distribution	MCQs	OSPE
	Lectures	DSLs	Practicals	Skill Lab	SGDs)n)s	E
Gross Anatomy	08							12	
Histology	04	03	06	04	06	35	33.0%	04	03
Embryology	04							03	
Physiology	11	03	08		06	28	27.2%	20	03
Biochemistry	07	02			06	15	14.6%	08	
PRIME	07						6.8%		
Pharmacology	02						1.9%		
Pathology	04						3.9%	01	
Community Medicine	01						1.0%	01	
General Medicine	04						3.9%		
Forensic Medicine	01						1.0%	01	
IT Skills	00	-					0%		
Islamiyat	02	-	-				1.9%		
SDL	05	-					4.9%		
Total	60	08	14	04	18	78	100%	50	06



9 Learning Objectives

9.1 General Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module the students would be able to;

Knowledge

- 1. Describe the anatomy and abnormalities of thoracic cage
- 2. Describe the development and gross anatomy of the diaphragm
- 3. Describe the contents of mediastinum and their relations
- 4. Describe the anatomy of pleura and its reflections
- 5. Describe the gross and microscopic structure, development, nerve supply and blood supply of trachea, bronchi and lungs
- 6. Describe the epithelia and connective tissues lining the respiratory passageways.
- 7. Describe pulmonary ventilation
- 8. Discuss the mechanisms of gaseous exchange between alveoli, and blood and blood and tissues
- 9. Elaborate the transport of gases in the blood
- 10. Describe the mechanisms of regulation of respiration
- 11. Define hypoxia, and cyanosis
- 12. Describe the effect of aging on respiratory system
- 13. Describe the biochemical structure and functions of enzymes
- 14. Describe the mechanisms of O2 and CO2 transport in the blood
- 15. Classify anti-asthmatic and anti-tuberculous drugs
- 16. Describe the types and signs of asphyxia
- 17. Enlist the causes and signs of pneumonias, bronchial asthma, tuberculosis, Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome (ARDS), and pulmonary edema
- 18. Describe the parameters of Pulmonary Function Tests (PFTs)

Skills

- 1. Take a focused history of patient with upper respiratory symptoms.
- 2. Examine the nose and throat of a given subject
- 3. Examine the lymph nodes of neck on given subject
- 4. Interpret the ABGs of the patient with chest wall trauma (Respiratory rate and blood pressure).
- 5. Demonstrate the Grading of pain severity.
- 6. Examine the respiratory system of patient with chest wall injury with special emphasis on respiratory rate and cyanosis.
- 7. Draw a normal spirogram, labeling the four lung volumes and four capacities.
- 8. Examine the chest.
- 9. Do the spirometry and plot the graph.
- 10. Demonstrate ABGS and compare the results

- 11. Demonstrate the use of inhaler to the subject.
- 12. Calculate the respiratory rate of the subject

Attitude

- 1. Demonstrate ability to give and receive feedback, respect for self and peers.
- 2. Develop respect for the individuality and values of others (including having respect for oneself) patients, colleagues and other health professionals
- 3. Organize& distribute tasks
- 4. Exchange opinion & knowledge
- 5. Develop communication skills and etiquette with sense of responsibility.
- 6. To equip themselves for teamwork
- 7. Regularly attend the classes

1 Specific Learning Outcomes

THEME-I: (Chest Wall Injuries)

This theme is one week long mostly emphasizing on the physiological and anatomical aspects of thoracic wall, mediastinum, lungs and diaphragm. It also includes the development of diaphragm & rib, physiological & biochemical aspects of mechanism of respiration and a brief account of developmental and surgical abnormalities related to it.

This theme consists of lectures, Practicals, SGDs, DSLs and SDLs.

S.N o.	Subject	Learning Outcomes/Objectives	Hours	MIT
	ANAT(
1	Gross anatomy of thorax	 Describe main features of thoracic wall Describe the location and shape of the sternum Describe the parts of the sternum Describe the articulations and muscle attachments Describe the gross features of the thoracic vertebrae a. Vertebral body b. Intervertebral disc c. Laminae d. Pedicles e. Intervertebral foramina f. Processes g. Ligaments Differentiate between typical and atypical ribs. Describe different joints of thorax Discuss Intercostal muscles Discuss the contents of intercostal spaces Describe the origin of intercostal arteries Describe the origin, course and distribution of intercostal nerves Discuss branches and course of internal thoracic artery 	01	LGIS
2	Abnormal ities of thoracic wall	Describe thoracic wall abnormalities and its clinical correlation	01	LGIS
3	Diaphrag m	1. Describe the origin, insertion, openings and nerve supply of the diaphragm and its clinical significance.	01	LGIS
4	Mediastin um	 Describe the contents of the Superior, Anterior & Posterior Mediastinum. Describe the relations of different contents in 	01	LGIS

S.N o.	Subject	Learning Outcomes/Objectives	Hours	MIT
		Mediastinum. 3. Identify various anatomical landmarks on chest X-Rays, CT and MRI		
	HISTOL			
	Lungs	1. Histology of Lungs -I	01	LGIS
		1. Histology of Lungs -II	01	LGIS
	EMBRYO	LOGY		
5	Developm ent of Diaphrag m	 Describe development of diaphragm Describe diaphragmatic hernias and clinical significance 	01	LGIS
6	Developm ent of Ribs	Describe the development of ribs from costal elements of primitive vertebrae	01	LGIS
	PHYSIOL	JOGY		
7	Mechanic s of Respiratio	 Describe the mechanics of respiration Describe the pressures that cause the movements of the air in and out of the lungs 	01 L	GIS
8	Lung complianc e	 Define compliance of the lung and elastic recoil Identify two common clinical conditions in which lung compliance is higher or lower than normal. 	01 L	GIS
9	Lung volumes and capacities	 Describe changes in the lung volume, alveolar pressure, pleural pressure, and trans-pulmonary pressure during normal breathing Draw a normal pulmonary pressure-volume (compliance) curve (starting from residual volume to total lung capacity and back to residual volume), labeling the inflation and deflation limbs. Explain the cause and significance of the hysteresis in the curves. Draw the pressure-volume (compliance) curves for the lungs, chest wall, and respiratory system on the same set of axes. Show and explain the significance of the resting positions for each of these three structures. 	01 L	GIS
	SURGE	•		
10	Pneumoth orax	Describe pneumothorax Define Hydro pneumothorax	01 L	GIS
		LAB WORK		
	HISTOL	OGY		
11	Histology o respiratory	 Discuss the histology of respiratory epithelium. Identify the various microscopic tissue types in the 	02 D	emonstrati n

S.N o.	Subject	Learning Outcomes/Objectives	Hours	MIT
	epithelium	3. Respiratory system		/ Practical
	PHYSIO	LOGY		
12	Spirometr y	 Draw a normal spirogram, labeling the four lung volumes and four capacities. List the volumes that comprise each of the four capacities. Identify which volume and capacities cannot be measured by spirometry. 	02	Demonstrati on / Practical
		DISSECTION		
	ANATO	MY		
13	Mediastin um	 Discuss the contents of superior, anterior & posterior mediastinum. Discuss the relations of different contents in mediastinum 	02	SGF Dissection
		SMALL GROUP DISCUSSIONS		
	ANATOM	IY		
14	Diaphrag m	1. Describe the origin, insertion, openings & nerve supply of diaphragm and its clinical significance.	02	SGD
	PHYSIOI	LOGY		
15	Lung Volumes and Capacities	Describe changes in the lung volume, alveolar pressure, pleural pressure, and trans-pulmonary pressure during normal breathing	02	SGD
	BIOCHEN	MISTRY		
16	Role of enzymes as a diagnostic tool	1. Explain the role of enzymes as a diagnostic tool	02	SGD
		DIRECTED SELF LEARNING		
	ANATO	MY		
17	Abnormal ities of the thoracic wall	Describe thoracic wall abnormalities and its clinical correlation	01	DSL
		PHYSIOLOGY		
18	Mechanic s of Respiratio n	 Briefly describe the mechanics of respiration. Describe the pressures that cause the movements of the air in and out of the lungs 	01	DSL
		BIOCHEMISTRY		

S.N o.	Subject	Learning Outcomes/Objectives	Hours	MIT
19	Transport of Oxygen	1. Explain the transport of oxygen in the blood	01	DSL

THEME-II COUGH AND HEMOPTYSIS

This theme is one week long consisting of developmental, gross and microscopic study of lungs and bronchial tree. Physiological and Pathological features along with preventive measures and treatment will also be the part of the module. This module includes lectures on asthma, pneumonia, pulmonary edema and tuberculosis by the department of pathology and antiasthmatic and anti-tuberculous drugs by the department of pharmacology. Preventive strategies for smoking will be described and the relationship of smoking with lung diseases will be discussed. Preventive strategies of different problems related to respiratory system will also be discussed here. This module consists of lectures, Practicals, SGDs, DSLs and SDLs.

S.No.	Subject	Learning Outcomes/Objectives	Hours	MIT
	ANATOMY			
1	Introduction	Describe the major components of the (upper and lower) respiratory system and describe their functions	01	LGIS
2	Trachea, bronchi and lungs	 Describe trachea and bronchi with relations plus subdivisions Describe the neurovascular supply of trachea and bronchi Describe the surfaces anatomy of trachea and bronchi Describe the lungs with their lobes and fissures, relations with surroundings and surfaces and compare between right and left lungs. Describe Broncho-pulmonary segments and their clinical importance Describe innervations, blood supply and lymphatic drainage of the lungs. 	01	LGIS
E	MBRYOLOGY			
3	Development of	Describe development of trachea, bronchial tree, pleura, lungs	01	LGIS

	Respiratory	2.	Recognize the cephalo-caudal and		
	system		transverse folding of embryonic		
			disc		
		3.	Describe the extent of intra		
		J.	embryonic coelom after folding		
			and its divisions into three serous		
			cavities		
		4			
		4.	State the derivatives of visceral		
		_	and parietal layers of mesoderm		
		5.	State the pericardio-peritoneal		
			canals and their final fate		
		6.	Discuss the formation of Lung		
			Bud		
H	HISTOLOGY				
4	Respiratory	1.	Classify the types of epithelia	01	LGIS
	epithelium		lining the various parts of		
	and		respiratory system		
	connective	2.	Differentiate between the		
	tissues		histological differences among		
			various parts of respiratory system		
		3	Describe the structure of trachea		
		3.	and its layer		
		1	•		
		4.	Discuss the microscopic picture of		
			respiratory bronchiole, alveolar		
		_	ducts, alveolar sacs and alveoli.		
		5.	Describe the different types of		
			cells found in alveoli		
	PHYSIOLOGY				
5	Functions of	1.	Describe the respiratory and non-	01	LGIS
	respiratory		respiratory functions of the		
	passageways		respiratory passageways		
		2.	Identify the mechanism by which		
			particles are cleared from the		
			airways.		
P	HARMACOLO)GY			
6	Anti-		Enlist Anti-asthmatic drugs	01	LGIS
	Asthmatic				
	drugs				
7	Anti-	1	Classify Anti-tuberculous drugs	01	LGIS
,	Tuberculous	1.	Classify Find tubeledious diags		2010
	drugs				
	PATHOLOGY	7			
8	Pneumonias		Define programmenia and anlist the	01	LGIS
0	rheumomas	1.		01	LUIS
	D1	1	causative pathogens of pneumonia	01	LCIC
9	Pulmonary	1.	Define primary and secondary	01	LGIS
	Tuberculosis		Tuberculosis and state its etiology		
10	Bronchial	1.	Describe the etiology,	01	LGIS
	Asthma		pathogenesis and clinical features		
			of asthma		
11	Pulmonary	1.	Define pulmonary edema.	01	LGIS

	Edema	2.	Classify pulmonary edema		
CON		DICINE	according to underlying causes		
12	Prevention of Respiratory disorders	2.	Discuss preventive strategies of different problems related to respiratory system Discuss the relationship of smoking with lung Diseases Describe preventive strategies for smoking LAB WORK	01	LGIS
	HISTOLOGY	_	LAD WORK		
13	Microscopic structure of the Trachea and Bronchi		Identify the various microscopic tissue types in the Trachea	02	Demonstration / Practical
	PHYSIOLOGY			I	
14	Peak expiratory flow determination	1.	Determine the peak expiratory flow (PEF) by peak flow meter	02	Demonstration / Practical
			DISSECTION		
	ANATOMY	1		<u> </u>	
15	Thorax, components of thoracic cavity and their relations	1.	Describe the boundaries, components of thorax and their relations.	02	SGF Dissection
			SMALL GROUP DISCUSSIONS	S	
	PHYSIOLOGY			Laa	
16	Functions of respiratory passageways	2.	Describe the respiratory functions of the respiratory passageways. Describe the non-respiratory functions of the respiratory passageways. Identify the mechanism by which particles are cleared from the airways.	02	SGD
	IOCHEMISTR				
17	Role of enzymes as a diagnostic tool	1.	Discuss the role of enzymes as a diagnostic tool.	02	SGD
	ANATOMY				
18	Components of Respiratory System	1.	Describe the major components of the upper and lower respiratory system and describe their functions	02	SGD
			DIRECTED SELF LEARNING		

	ANATOMY				
19	Lungs			01	DSL
	PHYSIOLOG	Y			
20	Functions of respiratory passageways		Describe the respiratory and non- respiratory functions of the respiratory passageways Identify the mechanism by which particles are cleared from the airways.	01	DSL

THEME-III BREATHLESSNESS

In this theme of the Respiratory Module-I, the anatomical features of pleura and pleural cavity will be discussed. Mechanics of respiration and development of pleural cavity will be described. Histology of the respiratory tract will be discussed.

The physiological aspects of the module will include pulmonary ventilation, pulmonary circulation, gaseous exchange, and transport of oxygen & carbon dioxide in the blood. Regulation of respiration and common respiratory abnormalities will also be discussed.

The chemistry of enzymes will be discussed in detail in biochemistry. Forensic medicine department will explain asphyxia and the department of general medicine will give an account of respiratory symptomatology and discuss Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome. Interpretation of the Pulmonary function tests is also part of this theme.

The contents of this theme will be taught in lectures, Practicals, SGDs, DSLs and SDL.

S.No.	Subject	Learning Outcomes/Objectives	Hours	MIT		
	ANATOMY					
1	Mechanics of respiration	Describe briefly mechanics of respiration	01	LGIS		
2	Pleura	 Describe the gross features of pleura Describe the pleural cavity and the pleural reflections Describe the surface anatomy related to pleural reflections 	01	LGIS		
]	EMBRYOLOGY					
3	Development of	1. Describe the development of	01	LGIS		

	Pleural Cavity		pleural cavity		
	HISTOLOGY				
4	Histology of respiratory tract	1.	Discuss surfactant, alveolar septum, alveolar pores and alveolar macrophages	01	LGIS
	PHYSIOLOGY				
5	Pulmonary ventilation I	1 2 3 4 5 6	Define respiration Compare between the internal and external respiration Enlist the steps of external respiration accomplished by the respiratory system and those carried out by the circulatory system State the functions of Type I alveolar cells, Type II alveolar cells, and alveolar macrophages Describe the forces that keep the alveoli open and those that promote alveolar collapse. Define the following terms: anatomic dead space, physiologic dead space, wasted (dead space) ventilation, total minute ventilation and alveolar minute ventilation. Compare anatomic and physiologic dead space Describe the basic concept of measurement of dead space Enlist the factors that changes the dead space	01	LGIS
	Pulmonary ventilation II	1 2 3 4 5	Define the following terms: hypoventilation, hyperventilation, hypercapnea, eupnea, hypopnea, and hyperpnea. Define surface tension, surfactants, atelectasis Describe the role of surfactants on the lung compliance. Describe the composition of the pulmonary surfactants and its role Describe the pathophysiology of respiratory distress syndrome of the newborn Discuss the work of breathing	01	LGIS

6	Pulmonary	1.	Explain the physiologic	01	LGIS
	Circulation		anatomy of the pulmonary		
			circulatory system		
		2.	Describe the pressures in the		
			pulmonary circulatory system		
		3.	Describe blood volume of the		
			lungs		
		4.	Describe blood flow through		
			the lungs and its distribution		
		5.	Compare the systemic and		
			pulmonary circulations with		
			respect to pressures, resistance		
			to blood flow, and response to		
		_	hypoxia.		
		6.	Describe the regional		
			differences in pulmonary blood		
		7	flow in an erect position.		
		7.	Describe the consequence of		
			hypoxic pulmonary vasoconstriction on the		
			distribution of pulmonary		
			blood flow.		
		8	Describe the pulmonary		
		0.	capillary dynamics		
		9	Describe the development of		
		7.	pulmonary edema		
7	Gas Exchange	1.	List the normal airway,	01	LGIS
			alveolar, arterial, and mixed		
			venous PO2 and PCO2 values.		
		2.	List the normal arterial and		
			mixed venous values for O2		
			saturation, [HCO3-]		
		3.	List the factors that affect		
			diffusive transport of a gas		
			between alveolar gas and		
		4	pulmonary capillary blood.		
			Describe respiratory unit		
		5.	Describe the physiologic		
			anatomy of the respiratory membrane and its significance		
		6	Describe the factors that affect		
		0.	the rate of gaseous diffusion		
			through the respiratory		
			membrane		
		7.	Describe the diffusing capacity		
			of respiratory membrane for		
			O2 and CO2 at rest and		
			exercise.		
		8.	Describe the effect of		

		ratio on alvantar ass		
		ratio on alveolar gas		
		concentrations.		
		Identify the average V/Q ratio in a normal lung.		
		10. Explain the concept of		
		physiologic shunt and		
		physiologic shunt and physiologic dead space		
		11. Describe the abnormalities of		
		ventilation perfusion ratio in		
		normal lung and chronic		
		obstructive lung disease.		
		12. Enlist common causes of		
		hypoxemia		
8	Transport of O2	Define oxygen partial pressure	01	LGIS
O	and CO2 in the	(tension), oxygen content, and	01	LOIS
	blood I	percent hemoglobin saturation		
	010001	as they pertain to blood.		
		2. Describe Oxyhemoglobin		
		dissociation curve (hemoglobin		
		oxygen equilibrium curve)		
		showing the relationships		
		between oxygen partial		
		pressure, hemoglobin		
		saturation, and blood oxygen		
		content.		
		3. Describe the relative amounts		
		of O2 carried bound to		
		hemoglobin with that carried in		
		the dissolved form.		
		4. State Henry's Law (the		
		relationship between PO2 and		
		dissolved plasma O2 content)		
		5. Describe how the shape of the		
		oxyhemoglobin dissociation		
		curve influences the uptake and		
		delivery of oxygen.		
	Transport of O2	1. Define P50.	01	LGIS
	and CO2 in the	2. Describe how the		
	blood II	oxyhemoglobin dissociation		
		curve is affected by changes in		
		blood temperature, pH, PCO2,		
		and 2,3-DPG.		
		3. Describe how anemia and		
		carbon monoxide poisoning		
		affect the shape of the		
		oxyhemoglobin dissociation		
		curve, PaO2, and SaO2.		
		4. List the forms in which carbon		
		dioxide is carried in the blood.		
		5. Describe the percentage of total		

			CO2 / 1 1 C		
			CO2 transported as each form.		
		6.	Describe the chloride shift and		
			its importance in the transport		
		7	of CO2 by the blood.		
		/.	Describe the enzyme that is		
			essential to normal carbon		
			dioxide transport by the blood		
		0	and its location.		
		8.	Describe the carbon dioxide		
			dissociation curves for oxy-		
			and deoxyhemoglobin.		
			Describe the interplay between		
			CO2 and O2 binding on		
			hemoglobin that causes the		
0	D 1 .: C	1	Haldane effect.	01	I CIG
9	Regulation of	1	Describe the regions in the	01	LGIS
	Respiration		central nervous system that		
			play important roles in the		
			generation and control of cyclic		
			breathing.		
		2	Give three examples of reflexes		
			involving pulmonary receptors		
			that influence breathing		
		2	frequency and tidal volume.		
		3	Describe the receptors and		
		4	neural pathways involved.		
		4	List the anatomical locations of		
			chemoreceptors sensitive to		
			changes in arterial PO2, PCO2,		
			and pH that participate in the control of ventilation.		
		5	Identify the relative importance		
		3	•		
			of each in sensing alterations in blood gases.		
		6	Describe how changes in		
			arterial PO2 and PCO2 alter		
			alveolar ventilation, including		
			the synergistic effects when		
			PO2 and PCO2 both change.		
		7	Describe the significance of the		
		,	feedforward control of		
			ventilation (central command)		
			during exercise, and the effects		
			of exercise on arterial and		
			mixed venous PCO2, PO2, and		
			pH.		
		8	Describe voluntary control of		
			respiration		
		9	Describe the effect of irritant		
			receptors, J-receptors, brain		
			,,,,,		

		edema and anesthesia on breathing.		
	MEDICINE			
10	Common Respiratory Abnormalities	 Describe periodic breathing and basic mechanism of Cheyne-Stokes breathing Define sleep apnea Describe the pathophysiology of Obstructive sleep apnea and central sleep apnea. Describe the pathophysiology of specific pulmonary abnormalities: Describe hypoxia and cyanosis Describe the effect of aging on lung volumes, lung and chest wall compliance, blood gases, and respiratory control. 	01	LGIS
	BIOCHEMISTRY			
11	Enzymes	 Define Enzymes Explain the Principals for Nomenclature of enzymes Classify Enzymes on the basis of functions 	01	LGIS
12	Structure of Enzymes	 Explain the general structure of enzymes Define different parts and forms of enzymes Describe the factors involved in structure of enzymes Enlist the factors affecting the activity of enzymes 	01	LGIS
13	Co-Factors	 Define co-factors Explain the function of co-factors Enlist different types of co-factors 	01	LGIS
14	Catalysis	 Define catalysis Explain different mechanism of catalysis 	01	LGIS
15	Enzyme Activity	 Define activation energy Define Gibbs Free energy Describe the mechanism of 	01	LGIS

			F		
		4	Enzyme activity		
		4.	Describe roles of factors		
			affecting enzyme activity		
16	Lagramag	1	Define Isoanzumas (Isozumas)	01	LGIS
10	Isozymes		Define Isoenzymes (Isozymes) Explain Factors affecting the	01	LGIS
		۷.	properties Explain the role of		
			enzymes as a diagnostic tool		
17	Transport of O2		enzymes as a diagnostic tool	01	LGIS
1 /	and CO2 in the			01	LOIS
	blood				
	FORENSIC MED	ICINE			
18	Asphyxia		Define Asphyxia	01	LGIS
10	7 Ispiry XIa		Describe different types of	01	LOID
		2.	Asphyxia		
		3	Identify classical signs of		
		J.	asphyxia		
	MEDICINE		uopii jiiu		
19	Introduction to	1.	Enumerate the various	01	LGIS
	Respiratory		symptoms of respiratory		
	symptomatology		disorders		
20	PFT`s	1.	Interpret the Pulmonary	01	LGIS
20		1.	Function Tests		2015
21	ARDS	1.	Discuss acute lung injury and	01	LGIS
	11122		its correlation Acute		2012
			Respiratory Distress Syndrome		
		2.	Describe the causes of Acute		
			Respiratory Distress Syndrome		
		3.	Discuss the morphology of		
			Acute Respiratory Distress		
			Syndrome		
			LAB WORK		
	ANATOMY				
22	Microscopic	1.	Microscopic structure of	02	Demonstration
	structure of the		Bronchioles and Alveoli		/ Practical
	Bronchioles and				
	Alveoli				
I	PHYSIOLOGY				
23	Chest	1.	Examine the chest of the	02	Demonstration
	Examination		subject		/ Practical
		2.	Calculate the respiratory rate of		/ Skill lab
			the subject		
24	Use of Inhaler		Describe the use of inhaler	02	Demonstration
		2.	Demonstrate the use of inhaler		/ Practical
			to the subject		/ Skill lab
		S	MALL GROUP DISCUSSIONS	8	
	ANATOMY				9.95
25	Mechanics of	1	Describe briefly mechanics of	02	SGD
	respiration		respiration		

P	PHYSIOLOGY			
26	Regulation of Respiration	 Describe the regions in the central nervous system that play important roles in the generation and control of cyclic breathing. Give three examples of reflexes involving pulmonary receptors that influence breathing frequency and tidal volume. Describe the receptors and neural pathways involved. 	02	SGD
	BIOCHMISTRY			
27	Factors affecting enzyme activity	Enlist the factors affecting the activity of enzymes Describe roles of factors affecting enzyme activity	02	SGD
	ABGs		Demonstration / Practical	OSPE
		DIRECTED SELF LEARNING		
	ANATOMY			
28	Histology of respiratory system	1. Identify the various microscopic tissue types in the Respiratory system including epithelium of the respiratory system, trachea, bronchi, bronchioles and alveoli	01	DSL
	PHYSIOLOGY			
29	Composition of pulmonary surfactants and its role	 Define surface tension, surfactants, atelectasis Describe the role of surfactants on the lung compliance. Describe the composition of the pulmonary surfactants and its role Describe the pathophysiology of respiratory distress syndrome of the newborn 	01	DSL
	BIOCHEMISTRY			
30	Isozymes	 Define Isozymes Explain Factors affecting the properties of isozymes Explain the role of enzymes as a diagnostic tool. 	01	DSL

MIT:mode of information transfer. E.g. lecture, SGD, DSL, Practical, skill lab etc etc



10 Learning Opportunities and Resources

a. Instruction (if any)

Apart from these resource learning ,students can consult books available in library or recommended by the specialty experts.

Books:

Anatomy

- Clinical Anatomy by Regions by Richard S. Snell (Latest Edition)
- Gray's Anatomy for Students (Latest Edition)
- K.L. Moore, Clinically Oriented Anatomy (Latest Edition)
- Netter's "Atlas of Human Anatomy (Latest Edition)
- Last's Anatomy (Latest Edition)

Histology

- Textbook of Histology by Junqueira (Latest Edition)
- diFiore's ATLAS of Histology with Functional Correlations (Latest Edition)
- Atlas of Human Histology by Wheaters. (Latest Edition)
- Textbook of Histology by Laiq Hussain (Latest Edition)

Embryology

- Langman's Medical Embryology (Latest Edition)
- The Developing Human "by Keith L Moore" (Latest Edition)

•

Physiology

- Textbook of Medical Physiology by Guyton and Hall (Latest Edition)
- Ganong's "Review of Medical Physiology" (Latest Edition)

Biochemistry

- Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry (Latest Edition)
- Lippincott's Illustrated Review: Biochemistry (Latest Edition)

Pharmacology

• Katzung's Basic and Clinical Pharmacology (Latest Edition)

Pathology

• Robbin's Basic Pathology (Latest Edition)

Community Medicine

- Essential Community Medicine (Latest Edition)
- K Park Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine (Latest Edition)

Forensic Medicine

 Parikh's Textbook of Medical Jurisprudence, Forensic Medicine & Toxicology (Latest Edition)

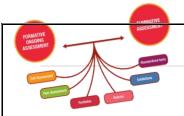
General Medicine

• Davidson's Principles and Practice of Medicine (Latest Edition)

Website:

- Anatomy:
 - http://files.readmedbooks.com/anatomy/netter-atlas-7.pdf

- file:///C:/Users/dell/Desktop/Gray's%20AnatomyThe%20Anatomical%20Basis%20of%20Cl inical%20Practice%2041st%20Edition%20- %202015%20[MSCambo].pdf
- https://worldofmedicalsaviours.com/cunninghams-manual-of-practical-anatomy/
- https://ia802606.us.archive.org/16/items/pdfy-dPFUmAhPcw_n7EV/snell%20clinical%20anatomy%20by%20regions%209th%20ed%202012_2.pdf P a g e | 26
- http://med-mu.com/wp-content/uploads/2018/06/Snell-Neuroanatomy-7th-Edition.pdf 6.
- http://files.readmedbooks.com/anatomy/lasts-anatomy.pdf
- Embryology
 - https://bhumikapalrocks.files.wordpress.com/2016/02/langmans-medical-embryology-12th-ed.pdf
 - https://mymedicallibrary.files.wordpress.com/2016/08/the-developing-human-edition-8th.pdf
- Histology
 - file:///C:/Users/dell/Desktop/(Lib-Ebooks.com)150320212213%20(4).pdf
 - <u>file:///C:/Users/dell/Desktop/pdfcoffee.com_2002-basic-histology-by-luis-carlos-junqueira-textamp-atlas-10th-edition-mcgraw-hill-appleton-amp-lange-pdf-free.pdf</u>
- Physiology:
 - https://med-mu.com/wp-content/uploads/2018/06/Guyton-and-Hall-Textbook-of-MedicalPhysiology-12th-Ed-PDFtahir99-VRG.pdf
 - https://medicostimes.com/guyton-medical-physiology-pdf/
 - https://ia903208.us.archive.org/23/items/GanongsReviewOfMedicalPhysiology25thEdition/ Ganon gs%20Review%20of%20Medical%20Physiology_%2025th%20Edition.pdf
 - https://worldofmedicalsaviours.com/medical-books/mbbs/physiology/sherwood-humanphysiology.pdf
- Biochemistry:
 - file:///C:/Users/dell/Desktop/harpers-illustrated-biochemistry-28th-edition.pdf
 - http://repository.stikesrspadgs.ac.id/69/1/Principles%20of%20Medical%20Biochemistry%20 Meise nberg%20Simmons-635hlm.pdf
 - https://worldofmedicalsaviours.com/medical-books/mbbs/biochemistry/lippincotts-Illustratedreviews-series.pdf
- Pharmacology:
- https://pharmacomedicale.org/images/cnpm/CNPM_2016/katzung-pharmacology.pdf
- Community Medicine:
- https://drive.google.com/file/d/1kG_04GUfxSOxsdRaucxJ-jykVgc-BZT0/view
- https://barlybeltatimen.wixsite.com/charratttisri/post/ilyas-ansari-community-medicine-bookfree-46
- https://psebooks.club/-/readerroman/#/flow=gHqRV5+cdn.bkfd4.club/q=Basic%20Statistics%20for%20the%20Heal th%20Sciences /
- Forensic medicine:
- https://www.ojp.gov/ncjrs/virtual-library/abstracts/parikhs-text-book-medical-jurisprudence-andtoxicology-classrooms P a g e | 27
- Medicine:
- 1.https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B8VbbFBwhaS8a2ZlaXllMGNwMmc/view?resourcekey=0 cJj3WGul40Avx4G5U1gX2A



11 Examination and Methods of Assessment:

a. Instruction:

- Students must arrive the examination venue at least 15 minutes before the scheduled start time. Latecomers 15 minutes after the start of exam, will not be allowed to enter the examination hall after the start time, and if permitted, they will not receive extra time.
- Students without College ID Card and white Lab Coat will not be allowed to sit in exam.
- In case of an emergency such as a medical emergency, students should inform the examination supervisor.
- Students are required to submit prohibited items such ass mobile phones, smartwatches, electronic devices, books, notes, or any unauthorized materials before entering the examination hall.
- Students must maintain complete silence within the examination hall. They should refrain from communicating with fellow students and strictly follow invigilator instructions.
- Students must mark their attendance properly.
- No student will be allowed to leave the examination hall before half the time is over and paper should be properly handed to the examiner.
- Violation of these guidelines may lead to disqualification from the examination.

b. The Disteibution of Internal Assessment Score (10% Marks):

The distribution of Internal Assessment Score for 1st Year MBBS will be as follows:

- Total Marks for 1st Year MBBS= 700 & Internal Assessment Marks=70 (10%)
- 50 % of the Internal Assessment Marks may be given to Block Exams
- 50 % of the Internal Assessment marks may be given to Class Test/ End of Module Exam, Assignments and Presentations.
- Biochemistry department is responsible to maintain the attendance record for BLOCK
 A in coordination with all the concerned departments.
- Anatomy department is responsible to maintain the attendance record for BLOCK –B in coordination with all the concerned departments.
- Physiology department is responsible to maintain the attendance record for BLOCK –C in coordination with all the concerned departments.

A. Distribution of 20 Marks for Block Papers for First Year MBBS will be as under:

Attendance Requirement:

More than 75% attendance is mandatory to sit for the examinations.

Methods of assessment:

Block Assessment

Block Assessment consists of

- Theory Paper(MCQs, SAQs) and
- Skill assessment (OSPE).
- 1. Non-Interactive/ Non-Observed Station:
- 2. Interactive/Observed Station

Total marks distribution for papers C of year-1 (MBBS) Year 1 Professional Exam in System-based Curriculum

Theory	Modules	Theory	Internal	OSPE/OSCE	Internal	TOTAL
paper		marks	assessment		assessment	MARKS
			theory		OSPE/OSCE	
			(10%)		(10%)	
Paper C	CVS	120	13	90	10	233

UNIVERSITY EXAM:

Exam has 90% (210) marks in total

Blue Print for Block-C Assessment

Block C (Paper C) Theory Paper						
Subject	CVS Module-I	Respiratory Module-I	Total MCQs			
Gross Anatomy	9	12	21			
Histology	4	4	8			
Embryology	5	3	8			
Physiology	34	20	54			
Biochemistry	14	8	22			
Pharmacology	1	0	1			
Pathology	1	1	2			
Community Medicine	1	1	2			
Forensic Medicine	1	1	2			
Total	70	50	120			

INTERNAL EXAM:

Internal evaluation is a process of quality review undertaken within an institution for its own ends. It has 10% (23 marks) of total exam.

Distribution of 13 Marks for block C paper (internal Assesment)

THEORY PAPER	INTERNAL ASSESSMENT THEORY(10%)	INTERNAL ASSESSMAENT OSCE/OSPE(10%)
Paper c	Anatomy (06)	Anatomy 03
	Physiology (05)	Physiology 06
	Biochemistry (2)	Biochemistry 01
	Total 13	Total 10

Block C (Paper C) OSPE				
Specialty	Practical	No. of Stations		
CVS Anatomy	Surface Anatomy	5		
	Internal features of the heart on models			
	CVS Models			
	Cardiac muscle under the microscope			
	Medium sized artery under the microscope			
	Histological features of veins			
CVS Physiology	Recording of 12 lead ECG	5		
	Interpretation of ECG			
	Examination of arterial and venous pulses			
	Recording of blood pressure			
	Examination of the apex beat and heart sounds			
	Demonstrate the effect of posture and exercise on Blood Pressure			
	Basic Life Support			
CVS	Detection of lipids in a given sample	1		
Biochemistry	Interpretation of cardiac enzymes			
CVS Radiology	Identify normal cardiac shadow, borders and cardiomegaly on	1		
D : .	chest radiographs	2		
Respiratory	Lung Models	3		
Anatomy	Microscopic structure of trachea			
	Microscopic structure of bronchi			
Dagnington	Microscopic structure of lungs	3		
Respiratory	Spirometry	3		
Physiology	Vitalography Vitalography (Interpretation)			
	Stethography (Interpretation)			
Total	Somography	18		

12 Tentative Timetables

SWAT MEDICAL COLLEGE, SWAT

Department of Medical Education
Time Table 1st Year MBBS
Class Session 2024-25

Block-C: (Respiratory Module)

(Week-1)

THEME-1: Chest Wall Injury/ THEME-2: Cough & Hemoptysis

Days	8:00 to 10:00 am		10:00 to 11:00 am	11:00am to 12:00 pm	12:00 to 1:00 pm		1:30 to 2:30 pm						
Monday 12/08/024	PRACTICALS / SG Batch A: Phy Dr. Rashid Batch B: Anat Dr. Hussain Batch C: SDL(SLR	Hamza . Saad	Physio-L1 Mechanics of Respiration Dr. Uzair	G. Med-L1 (Revised) Heart Failure Prof. Dr. Aziz Ahmad	G. Anat-L1 Anatomy of the thoracic wall Prof Dr. Liaqat Ali		G. Anat-L2 Respiratory Tract-I Dr. Nauman Khan						
Tuesday 13/08/024	PRACTICALS / SGD Batch A: Anat Dr. Saad Hussain Batch B: SDL(SLRC/Library) Batch C: Phy Dr. Hamza Rashid		G. Anat-L3 Respiratory Tract-II Dr. Nauman Khan	Bio-L1 Enzymes (Definition, Nomenclature, Classification) Dr. Obaid Ur Rahman	G. Anat-L4 Mediastinum-l Dr. Sanya Hadi		Bio-DSL Transport of Oxygen & Carbon dioxide Dr. Salman Ibrahim						
Wednesday 14/08/024	PRACTICALS / SG Batch A: SDL(SLR Batch B: Phy Dr. I Rashid Batch C: Anat Dr. Hussain	C/Library) Hamza	Physio-L2 Lung Compliance Dr. Rahman Ullah	G. Anat-L5 Mediastinum-II Dr. Sanya Hadi	Physio-L3 Lung Volumes and Capacities Dr. Asma Hadi	E R S	R S B	R S B R	R S B R	R S B R	R S B R	R S	PRIME-L1 PIF Miss. Afroz Ahmad
Thursday 15/08/024	SDL (SLRC/Library)	G. Anat-L6 Pleura & Diaphragm Dr. Salman Yunas	Surgery-L1 Pneumothorax Hydro pneumothorax Prof Dr. Manzoor Ali	PRIME-L2 Medical Ethics Dr. Ubaidullah	Bio-L2 Structure of Enzyme Prof. Dr. Gulshan Abbas	E A K	SDL (SLRC/Library)						
Friday 16/08/024	Islamiyat-L14 Responsibilities of a Doctor Mr. Qazi Obaid Ullah	Bio-L3 Factors affecting enzyme activity Prof. Dr. Gulshan Abbas	Histo-L1 Histology of trachea Prof Dr. Muhammad Khan	PRIME-L3 PDP Miss. Afroz Ahmad	Patho-L1 Pneumonia Pulmonary Tuberculosis Prof Dr. Shah Jehan		Phy-DSL Mechanics of Respiration Dr. Rahman Ullah						

SWAT MEDICAL COLLEGE, SWAT

Department of Medical Education Time Table **1**st **Year MBBS** Class Session 2024-25

Block-C: (Respiratory Module)

Week 2 THEME-2: Cough & Hemoptysis/ THEME-3: Breathlessness

Days	8:00 to 10:00 am		10:00 to 11:00 am	11:00am to 12:00 pm	12:00 to 1:00 pm		1:30 to 2:30 pm
Monday 19/08/024	Batch B: Anat SGD Hussain	atch A: Phy P Dr. Asma Hadi atch B: Anat SGD Dr. Saad ussain atch C: Bio SGD Dr. Obaid Ur		Emb-L1 Development of Respiratory System-I Dr. Humaira Ali	Emb-L2 Development of Respiratory System-II Dr. Humaira Ali		PRIME-L5 Use of social media Dr. Ubaid Ullah
Tuesday 20/08/024	•		Emb-L3 Development of Respiratory System-III Dr. Humaira Ali	Bio-L5 Enzyme Kinetics Dr. Sara Maryam	Physio-L4 Pulmonary Ventilation-l Dr. Amanullah	P R A Y	Phy-DSL Functions of respiratory passageways Dr. Asma Hadi
Wednesday 21/08/024	Batch A: Anat SGD Dr. Saad Histology of Lungs-I Batch B: Bio SGD Dr. Obaid Ur Rahman Histology of Lungs-I Bat Bat Bat Bat Bat Bat		11:00am to 1:00 pm Skill Lab: Batch A: Phy Dr. Uzair Batch B: Anat Dr. Nauman Khan Batch C: Bio Dr. Muhammad Saad R		R S	Feedback QEC	
Thursday 22/08/024	8:00 to 9:00 am Pharma-L1 Classification of Anti- Asthmatic Drugs & Anti- tuberculous Drugs Dr. Jibran Khan	9:00 to 10:00 am Patho-L2 Bronchial Asthma Pulmonary Edema Dr. Ayaz Hussain	Histo-L3 Histology of Lungs-II Prof Dr. Muhammad Khan	Skill Lab: Batch A: Bio Dr. Muhammad Saad Batch B: Phy Dr. Uzair Batch C: Anat Dr. Nauman Khan		E A K	C. Med-L1 Prevention of respiratory disorders Dr. Rafiullah
Friday 23/08/024	SDL (SLRC/Library)	Physio-L5 Pulmonary Ventilation-II Dr. Alam Zeb	PRIME-L4 Leadership & Team Management Miss. Afroz Ahmad	Skill Lab: Batch A: Anat Dr. Nauman Khan Batch B: Bio Dr. Muhammad Saad Batch C: Phy Dr. Uzair			Islamiyat-L15 Doctor and Society Mr. Qazi Obaid Ullah

SWAT MEDICAL COLLEGE, SWAT

Department of Medical Education Time Table **1**st **Year MBBS** Class Session 2024-25

Block-C: (Respiratory Module)

<u>THEME 3: Breathlessness</u>

Days	8:00 to 09:00 am	09:00 to 10:00 am	10:00 to 11:00 am	11:00am to 12:00 pm	12:00 to 1:00 pm		1:30 to 2:30
Monday 26/08/024	PRACTICALS: Batch A: Phy Batch B: Anat Ahmad	oxygen in the ch B: Anat Dr. Maleeha oxygen in the hlood PRIME-L6 Cultural Sensitivity Pulmonary Circulation			Bio-L6 Enzyme Kinetics Dr. Sara Maryam		
Tuesday 27/08/024	PRACTICALS: Batch A: SDL (SLRC/Library) Batch B: Phy Dr. Asma Hadi Batch C: Anat Dr. Maleeha Ahmad PRACTICALS: Batch A: Anat Dr. Maleeha Ahmad Batch B: SDL (SLRC/Library) Batch C: Phy Dr. Asma Hadi Skill Lab: Batch A: Bio Dr. Muhammad Saad Batch B: Phy Dr. Uzair Batch C: Anat Dr. Nauman Khan		G. Med-L1 Respiratory symptoms / PFTs & Common Respiratory Abnormalities Dr. Fozan Khan	Physio-L8 Nervous Regulation of Respiration Prof Dr. Taj Muhammad Khan	F. Med-L1 Asphyxia Dr. Shahkar Ali Khan		Physio-L9 Chemical Regulation of Respiration Dr. Amanullah
Wednesday 28/08/024			Research-L9 Title, Rational purpose Operational Definitions Prof Dr. Aziz Ahmad	Skill Lab: Batch A: Phy Dr. Uzair Batch B: Anat Dr. Nauman Khan Batch C: Bio Dr. Muhammad Saad		A Y E R S	Physio-L10 Gas Exchange Dr. Fiza Iqbal
Thursday 29/08/024			PRIME-L7 Social Accountability Dr. Ubaid Ullah	Skill Lab: Batch A: Anat Dr. Nauman Khan Batch B: Bio Dr. Muhammad Saad Batch C: Phy Dr. Uzair		R E A K	SDL (SLRC/Library)
Friday 30/08/024	Introduction to BLS Workshop Dr. Imran Akhtar Iqbal	Batch A BLS workshop (1- 25) Batch B Anatomy (26- 50) Batch C Physiology (51-75) Batch D Bio Chemistry (76-101)	Batch B BLS workshop (26-50) Batch A Anatomy (1-25) Batch D Physiology (76- 101) Batch C Bio Chemistry (51- 75)	Batch C BLS workshop (51-75) Batch D Anatomy (76-101) Batch A Physiology (1-25) Batch B Bio Chemistry (26-50)	Batch D BLS workshop (76-101) Batch C Anatomy (51-75) Batch B Physiology (26- 50) Batch A Bio Chemistry (1-25)		SDL (SLRC/Library)

13 For inquiry and troubleshooting



Please contact
Dr. Fiza Iqbal
Lecturer Physiology, Swat Medical College

	Page 45
Contact# 03409091120	
Email: fiza.iqbal1430@gmail.com	

14 Module Evaluation Form MBBS Year: ______ Block: _____ Module: _____ Date: 3 (Satisfactory) 1. (Unsatisfactory) 2 (Fair) 4 (Good) 5 (Excellent) **Category: Course Contents** 1 2 No. Question 3 4 5 To what extent did the course contents align with the stated learning objectives of the module? 2 How clear and comprehensive were the course materials provided in this module? Were the core topics adequately covered, ensuring a wellrounded understanding of the subject? How current and up-to-date were the course contents in reflecting recent advancements? Did the module incorporate real-world applications and case studies effectively? **Category: Learning Resources** Were the learning resources (e.g., textbooks, online materials, laboratory facilities) readily available and easily accessible? How helpful were additional learning resources such as supplementary readings or multimedia content? 8 Did the module offer adequate support for research and independent study? Were digital resources and online platforms effectively utilized to enhance the learning experience? Were there sufficient opportunities for hands-on practice and practical application of knowledge? **Category: Teaching Methods** How well did instructors engage with students and create a supportive learning environment? Were diverse teaching methods (e.g., lectures, group 12 discussions, simulations) effectively employed? How responsive were instructors to questions, concerns, 13 and feedback from students? To what extent did instructors provide timely and 14 constructive feedback on assignments and assessments? 15 Were opportunities for collaborative learning and peer-topeer interactions encouraged and facilitated? No. **Category: Engagement and Motivation** To what extent did the module use real-world examples and practical applications to engage students? 17 How well were active learning techniques (e.g., problemsolving, case studies) integrated into the curriculum? 18 Did the module provide opportunities for students to pursue their individual interests within the subject

	matter?								
19	Were assessments designed to challenge and motivate								
	students to excel in their studies?								
Cate	gory: Inclusivity and Diversity								
20	How well did the module accommodate different learning	styles and	preferences						
	among students?								
21	Were efforts made to include diverse perspectives, culture	s, and bacl	kgrounds in	the					
	curriculum?								
22	How effectively were accommodations provided for studer	nts with va	rying levels	of prior					
	knowledge?								
	Category: Overall								
No.	Question	1	2 (Poor)	3	4	5			
		(Very		(Fair)	(Good)	(E	xcel	len	t)
		Poor)							
23	How would you rate the overall quality of this module?								

15 Students Diary/Notes

S.NO	DATE	TASK	PENDING/COMPLETED	COMMENTS
	I		<u> </u>	

			Page 4
PROGRESS:	ACHII	EVMENT:	